# Oakland County Employees' Retirement System

Annual Actuarial Valuation Report September 30, 2017



## **Table of Contents**

Section	Page	Item			
		Introduction			
Α	1-4	Executive Summary			
В	1	Computed Contributions			
	2	Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability			
	3	Development of Experience Gain/(Loss)			
	4	Closed Group Cash Flow Projection			
С	1-2	Summary of Benefit Provisions			
	3	Income and Disbursements			
	4	Determination of Valuation Assets			
	5	Retired Life Data			
	6	Inactive Member Data			
	7	Active Member Data			
D	1	Valuation Methods			
Б	2-5	Actuarial Assumptions Used for the Valuation			
	2-3 6-7	·			
	0-7	Glossary			
E	1-2	Financial Disclosure Information			





January 31, 2018

The Retirement Commission
Oakland County Employees' Retirement System
Waterford, Michigan

**Dear Commission Members:** 

Submitted in this report are the results of the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation of the liabilities, funded position and contribution requirements associated with benefits provided by the Oakland County Employees' Retirement System. The purpose of the valuation was to measure the System's funding progress and determine the employer contribution for the 2018-2019 fiscal year. This report should not be relied upon for any other purpose. This report may be provided to parties other than the Retirement Commission only in its entirety and only with the permission of the Commission. GRS is not responsible for unauthorized use of this report.

The valuation was based upon the actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the Retirement Commission, information furnished by the Retirement System, including System benefits, financial transactions, and individual members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. Data was checked for internal and year to year consistency, but was not audited by us. As a result, we are unable to assume responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data provided.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from those presented in this report due to such factors as experience differing from that anticipated by actuarial assumptions, changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions/methods or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. This valuation assumes the continuing ability of the plan sponsor to make the contributions necessary to fund this plan. A determination of the plan sponsor's ability to make the necessary contributions is beyond the scope of our expertise and was not performed by GRS.

This report was prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and accurate and the valuation was conducted in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board in compliance with the applicable state statutes. Louise M. Gates and James D. Anderson are independent of the plan sponsor and are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) who meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. It is our opinion that the actuarial assumptions used for the valuation produce results which are reasonable.

Respectfully submitted,

Louise M. Gates, ASA, MAAA

James D. Anderson, FSA, EA, MAAA

James D. anderson

# **SECTION A**

**EXECUTIVE SUMMARY** 

#### 1. Required Employer Contributions – Fiscal Year Beginning October 1, 2018

The computed County contributions are as follows:

Division	Computed Employer Contributions		
General County	\$ 0		
Command Officers	0		
Road Deputies	0		
Corrections Deputies	0		
Total	\$ 0		

#### 2. Contribution Comparison

The table below compares the required employer contributions in the current and prior year's valuations:

<b>Total County Contributions for the Indicated Fiscal Year</b>				
<u>2017-2018</u>	<u>2018-2019</u>			
\$0	\$0			

## 3. Reasons for Change

There are three general reasons why contribution rates change from one valuation to the next. The first is a change in the benefits or eligibility conditions of the plan. The second is a change in the valuation assumptions used to predict future occurrences. The third is the difference during the year between the plan's actual experience and what the assumptions predicted. Although there was no change in the employer contribution from the prior year, there was an increase in the Retirement System's funding surplus.

There were no benefit or assumption changes made in connection with this valuation of the System. Changes in the Retirement System's funding surplus from the prior year are due to System experience which was overall, favorable. During the year ended September 30, 2017, post-retirement increases were lower than long term expectations for a significant portion of the retiree population. In addition, there were more deaths during the year than anticipated by long term assumptions. This favorable experience was offset in part by the investment returns of the System. Although the investment return on plan assets was higher than long term expectations during the year, the market smoothing techniques used in this valuation of the System recognize both past and present investment experience. As a result, the recognized rate of return for the year was 6.93%. Details of this asset smoothing method are shown on page C-4 of this report.



#### 4. Reserve Transfers

For all employment divisions, the computed liability for members who have already retired and their beneficiaries is larger than the reported balance of the retiree reserve account. Transfers will be necessary to balance the retiree reserve with the retiree liabilities, as follows:

	General	Command	Sheriff	
	County	Officers	<b>Deputies*</b>	Total
Retiree Liability	\$480,161,582	\$44,053,564	\$103,766,391	\$627,981,537
Retiree Reserve	432,871,960	38,626,892	92,641,719	564,140,571
Difference	\$ 47,289,622	\$ 5,426,672	\$11,124,672	\$ 63,840,966

<sup>\*</sup> Road patrol and corrections divisions are combined.

We recommend that the Retirement Commission authorize the transfers described above.

#### 5. System Funded Percent

The System's funding percent based on the actuarial value of assets (funding value) is 102.6% as of September 30, 2017. Last year, the funding percent measured on the same basis was 102.3%. If the market value of assets were used to determine the System's funding percent as of September 30, 2017, the result would be a funded percent of 103.7%.

Unless otherwise indicated, a funding status measurement presented in this report is based upon the actuarial accrued liability and the funding value of assets. Unless otherwise indicated, it is important to note that the funding status measurement presented in this report is inappropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligations and the need for or the amount of future employer contributions.

#### 6. Asset Transfers

Assets equal to Retirement System liabilities were transferred in connection with an individual who was reported as a transfer from the General division to the Corrections division. The asset transfer was made to maintain an equitable allocation of liabilities and assets between the groups.

Consistent with past practice, this valuation reflects the transfer of assets (within the pension trust) from the General division to the Sheriff's department Corrections division of \$456,490. This transfer redistributes the funding surplus in the General division to the Corrections division such that the resulting employer contribution for all divisions is \$0.



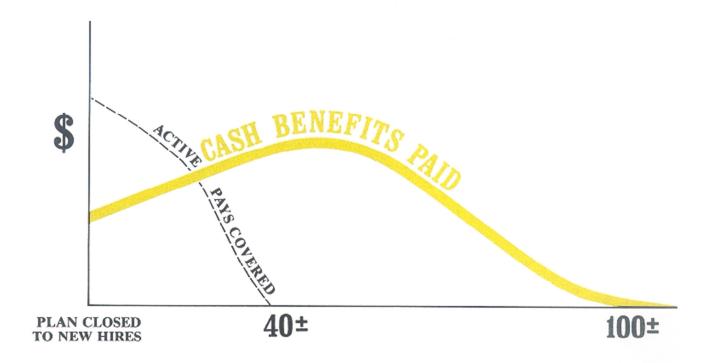
#### 7. Looking Ahead

Although the System's experience increased the value of the funding surplus since last year, the current practice of using the funding surplus to reduce County contributions will erode the value of the surplus over time. When the surplus is depleted, County contributions to the System will once again be required. These contributions will be at least equal to employer normal cost payments which are currently \$1.4 million.

Michigan Public Act 202 of 2017 has created new reporting and other requirements for local units of government. The Retirement Board may be asked to assist the County in its efforts to comply with these new requirements. We will work with the Board to develop a funding policy to document System procedures and facilitate compliance.



# A CLOSED PENSION PLAN



## YEARS OF TIME

A plan becomes closed when no new hires are admitted to active membership. The persons covered by the plan at the time of closing continue their normal activities and continue to be covered by the plan, until the last survivor dies.

CASH BENEFITS LINE. After a pension plan becomes closed, the usual pattern is for cash benefits to continue to increase for decades of time. Eventually the cash benefits will peak, and then gradually decrease over more decades of time, ultimately to zero. The last cash benefit is likely to occur a century after the time the plan is closed.

The precise amounts of cash benefits cannot be known now, and must be estimated by assumptions of future experiences in a variety of financial risk areas.



# **SECTION B**

**VALUATION RESULTS** 

## **Required Contributions for** the Fiscal Year Beginning October 1, 2018

**Expressed as a % of Covered Payroll and Dollar Amounts Contributions for** General **All Groups** Command Road Corrections County Officers **Deputies Deputies** Combined A Normal Cost of Benefits Age & service 9.80 % 16.43 % 15.51 % 15.26 % 1.27 Disability 0.53 1.08 1.17 Death before retirement 0.61 0.58 0.61 0.63 Future refunds of member contributions 0.00 0.28 0.15 0.15 10.94 17.44 17.31 Totals 18.37 **B** Member contributions @ 0.69 5.00 5.00 5.00 C Employer Normal Cost % 13.37 % 10.25 % 12.44 % 12.31 % **D** Employer Normal Cost \$ \$1,039,157 \$93,003 \$206,350 \$109,983 \$1,448,493 E UAL payment / (credit)\* (2,130,109)(109,983)(186,039)(264,434)**Total Employer Contribution \$ (D+E)** \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0



Unfunded Accrued Liabilities were amortized over a period of 10 years using level dollar financing.

Reflects a weighted average

## **Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability** as of September 30, 2017

		 General County	Command Officers	Road Deputies	Corrections Deputies	Total
A.	,	100 161 500			50.000.400	
	<ol> <li>For retirees and beneficiaries</li> <li>For vested and other terminated members</li> <li>For present active members</li> </ol>	\$ 480,161,582 6,017,553	\$ 44,053,564 322,454	\$ 50,532,909 150,802	\$ 53,233,482 321,245	\$ 627,981,537 6,812,054
	a. Value of expected future benefit payments	86,458,736	10,672,639	21,005,917	11,843,724	129,981,016
	b. Value of future normal costs	5,722,492	466,659	1,012,605	565,862	7,767,618
	c. Active member accrued liability: (a) - (b)	 80,736,244	10,205,980	19,993,312	11,277,862	122,213,398
	4. Total accrued liability	566,915,379	54,581,998	70,677,023	64,832,589	757,006,989
В.	Valuation Assets (Funding Value)	 582,234,873	55,919,965	72,578,803	65,623,573	776,357,214
C.	Unfunded Accrued Liability: (A.4) - (B)	 (15,319,494)	(1,337,967)	(1,901,780)	(790,984)	(19,350,225)
D.	Funding Ratio: (B) / (A.4)	102.7%	102.5%	102.7%	101.2%	102.6%



## **Development of Experience Gain/(Loss)** Period Ended September 30, 2017

Actual experience will never (except by coincidence) exactly match assumed experience. It is hoped that gains and losses will cancel each other over a period of years, but sizable year-to-year fluctuations are common. Detail on the derivation of the experience gain (loss) is shown below.

	All Groups Combined
(1) UAAL* at start of period	\$(17,164,247)
(2) Normal cost for period	2,483,176
(3) Actual contributions	372,273
(4) Interest accrual on (1), (2) and (3) at 7.25%	(1,167,888)
(5) Expected UAAL before changes: (1) + (2) - (3) + (4)	(16,221,232)
(6) Change from plan provisions	0
(7) Change in actuarial assumptions/methods	0
(8) Expected UAAL after changes: (5) + (6) + (7)	(16,221,232)
(9) Actual UAAL at end of period	(19,350,225)
(10) Gain/(loss): (8) - (9)	3,128,993
(11) Gain/(loss) as percent of actuarial accrued liabilities at start of period	0.41%

<sup>\*</sup> Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL)

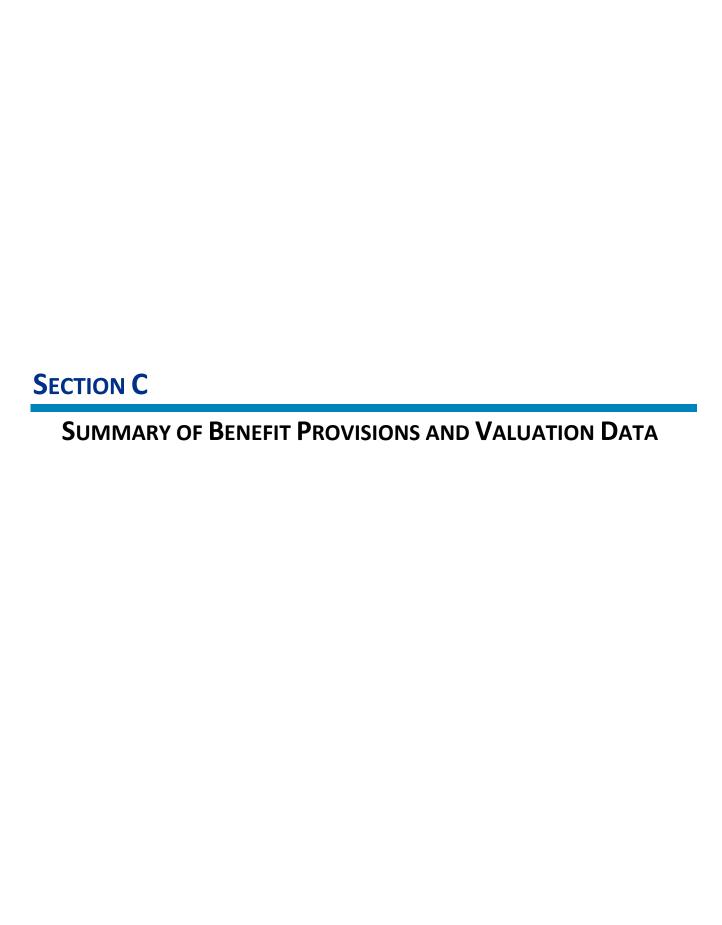


## **Closed Group Cash Flow Projection** (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Year	Expected Benefits for Current			
Ending	Actives Retirees Inactives		Inactives	Total
9/30/2018	\$ 1,319	\$55,929	\$ 27	\$57,275
9/30/2019	3,604	55,871	116	59,591
9/30/2020	5,395	55,739	183	61,317
9/30/2021	6,910	55,525	250	62,685
9/30/2022	8,230	55,231	335	63,796
9/30/2023	9,335	54,853	376	64,564
9/30/2024	10,222	54,392	434	65,048
9/30/2025	10,981	53,809	500	65,290
9/30/2026	11,622	53,152	579	65,353
9/30/2027	12,160	52,414	636	65,210

The projection was based on the assumptions and methods shown in Section D of this report and data reported for use in this valuation of the System.





## **Brief Summary of Benefit Provisions SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

Eligibility Amount

#### REGULAR RETIREMENT

Sheriff's Deputies: 25 years of service regardless of age, or age 60 with 8 years of service.

2.2% of final average compensation (FAC) times the first 14 years of service plus 2.5% of FAC for each additional year.

Command Officers: 25 years of service regardless of age, or age 60 with 8 years of service.

Total service times 2.5% of FAC.

All Others: Age 55 with 25 years of service, or age 60 with 8 years.

Total service times 2.0% of FAC for Plan A members (2.2% for years in excess of 14 for contributing members). Total service times 1.8% of FAC for Plan B members (1.98% for years in excess of 14 for contributing members).

Maximum County Portion is 75% of FAC.

Type of final average compensation - Highest 5 consecutive years out of the last 10. Some lump sums are included. Sheriff's Deputies hired after 12/31/92, Command Officers entering BU after 5/31/94 and BU48 nurses hired after 12/31/92 overtime pay is excluded from FAC.

#### **DEFERRED RETIREMENT**

8 years of service - benefit begins at age 60. 25 years of service - benefit at age 55.

Computed as a regular retirement but based upon service and final average compensation at termination date.

#### NON-DUTY DEATH-IN-SERVICE

10 years of service.

Computed as a regular retirement but actuarially reduced in accordance with a 100% joint and survivor election (50% joint and survivor benefit if less than 15 years of service and under age 60).

#### **DUTY DEATH-IN-SERVICE**

No age or service requirements.

Upon termination of Worker's Compensation, a benefit equal to the Worker's Compensation benefit is payable to the spouse, children under age 18 and dependent parents.



## **Brief Summary of Benefit Provisions SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

Eligibility	Amount
-------------	--------

#### NON-DUTY DISABILITY

10 years of service. Computed as a regular retirement.

#### **DUTY DISABILITY**

No age or service requirements. Computed as a regular retirement with additional

> service credited until attainment of age 60. Retirement benefits are offset by Worker's

Compensation payments.

#### **COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENTS**

Annual increase based upon change in CPI, not in excess of 1-1/2% of base benefit. Additional onetime increases granted January 1, 1976, 1979, 1981, 1982, July 1, 1984, January 1, 1986, 1987, 1988 and October 1, 1997. A special one-time payment was made to retirees during 1990.

#### **M**EMBER CONTRIBUTIONS

3% of annual earnings for the first 14 years of Sheriff's Deputies.

service and 5% thereafter.

Command Officers. 5% of annual earnings.

All Others. 1% of annual earnings for years after 14 years of

service for members electing the 2.2% or 1.98%

benefit.

#### **COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS**

Actuarially determined amounts which, together with member contributions, are sufficient to cover value of future benefits during the expected future working lifetimes of present members.

#### **COVERAGE**

The System was closed to new hires effective at various dates during 1994 and 1995.



## **Reported Financial Information at Market Value** Year Ended SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

#### **Income and Disbursements**

Market Value of Assets Beginning of Year:	\$757,642,972
---	---------------

#### Revenues:

a.	Member contributions	\$ 372,273
b.	Employer contributions	-
c.	Net investment income	83,094,349

d. Total 83,466,622

#### **Disbursements:**

a.	Retirement incentive payments	-	
b.	Pension benefits paid	55,839,217	
c.	Administrative expenses	259,250	
d.	Total		56,098,467

**Market Value of Assets End of Year:** \$785,011,127

## Assets and Reserves as of September 30, 2017

#### Assets: **Reserve Accounts:**

a.	Cash and Deposits	\$ 19,471,445	a. Member contributions	\$ 3,313,035
b.	Interest and Dividends	1,881,421	b. Reserve for benefits	
c.	Fixed Income	215,916,030	now being paid	564,140,571
d.	Equities	380,016,401	c. Reserve for future	
e.	Real Estate	82,832,284	benefits	217,557,521
f.	Other	85,406,701	-	
g.	Accounts Payable	(513,155)	Total	\$785,011,127
			-	
	Total	\$ 785,011,127		



# **Determination of Valuation Assets** as of **SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

		2017
A.	Funding Value Beginning of Year	\$779,685,235
В.	Market Value End of Year	785,011,127
C.	Market Value Beginning of Year	757,642,972
D.	Non-Investment Net Cash Flow	(55,466,944)
E.	Investment Income	
	E1. Market Total: B - C - D	82,835,099
	E2. Assumed Rate (I)	7.25%
	E3. Amount for Immediate Recognition:	
	7.25% x (A + D/2)	54,516,503
	E4. Amount for Phased-In Recognition: E1-E3	28,318,596
F.	Phased-In Recognition of Investment Income	
•	F1. Current Year: E4/5	5,663,719
	F2. First Prior Year	2,081,635
	F3. Second Prior Year	(10,122,934)
	F4. Third Prior Year	0
	F5. Fourth Prior Year	(2.277.500)
	F6. Total Recognized Investment Gain/(Loss)	(2,377,580)
G.	Funding Value End of Year: A + D + E3 + F6	\$776,357,214
Н.	Difference Between Market & Funding Value	8,653,913
I.	Recognized Rate of Return	6.93%
J.	Market Value Rate of Return	11.35%
K.	Ratio of Funding Value to Market Value	98.90%



## Retirees and Beneficiaries, SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 **Tabulated by Type of Benefit and Option Elected**

	Type of Benefit			
Benefit	Age &	Disa	bility	
Option Elected	Service*	Non-Duty	Duty	Total
Regular	701	2		703
A-100% J & S	391	10	1	402
B-50% J & S	127			127
C-10 Year Certain	99	4		103
D(1)-100% J & S with pop-up	249	1	1	251
D(2)-50% J & S with pop-up	168	1		169
E-Social Security Equated				
Survivor	259			259
Total	1,994	18	2	2,014

Includes alternate payees under EDRO, beneficiaries of deceased members, and 28 individuals with \$0 pension benefits as of September 30, 2017, receiving retiree health benefits only.



## **Inactive Members as of SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 Tabulated by Attained Age**

There were 73 Inactive members reported as of September 30, 2017 involving estimated deferred annual retirement allowances totaling \$800,306. An inactive member is a person who has left County employment with entitlement to a retirement allowance upon attaining age 55 or 60, depending upon years of credited service. The schedule below shows the inactive members by age.

Attained		Estimated Deferred
Age	No.	Allowance
40 - 44	2	\$ 16,471
45 - 49	11	168,563
50 - 54	26	300,871
55 - 59	33	311,364
60+	1	3,037
Totals	73	\$800,306



# Active Members as of September 30, 2017 by Age and Years of Service

		Years of Service on Valuation Date							Totals
		- 0	40.44	45.40	20.24	25.20	20.01		Valuation
Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 Plus	No.	Payroll
40-44					2			2	\$ 99,664
45-49					11	18		29	1,906,717
50-54					11	42	13	66	5,336,501
55-59					7	39	34	80	5,693,447
60					1	3	3	7	437,212
61					2	5	9	16	1,131,812
62					1	3	5	9	608,322
63				2		2	5	9	609,755
64						4	6	10	655,929
C.E.						4		2	245 546
65						1	2	3	245,516
66						1	3	4	308,087
67						1	1	2	116,588
68					1	1	2	4	279,344
69					1		1	2	151,309
70+					2	2	4	8	533,459
Totals				2	39	122	88	251	\$18,113,662

While not used in the financial computations, the following group averages are computed and shown because of their general interest. The chart shown above includes 193 General County division employees, 14 Command Officers, 29 Road Patrol Deputies, and 15 Corrections Officers.

#### **Group Averages:**

Age: 56.4 years Service: 29.5 years Annual Pay: \$ 72,166



# **SECTION D**

ACTUARIAL COST METHODS, ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND GLOSSARY

### **Valuation Methods**

**The Individual Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method** is a method for determining the normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date. It has the following characteristics:

- (i) the annual normal cost for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, is sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement; and
- (ii) each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year by year projected covered pay.

Actuarial gains/(losses), as they occur, reduce (increase) the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Starting with the September 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the individual entry age cost method was used to determine employer contributions.

Valuation Assets - The funding value of assets recognizes assumed investment income fully each year. Differences between actual and assumed investment income are phased-in over a closed 5-year period. During periods when investment performance exceeds the assumed rate, funding value of assets will tend to be lower than market value. During periods when investment performance is less than the assumed rate, funding value of assets will tend to be greater than market value. The funding value of assets is unbiased with respect to market value. At any time it may be either greater or less than market value.

System assets are reported to the actuary in total. Reported investment income is allocated among the various employment divisions such that the rate of return for each division is the same as the rate of return for the entire System.



*Investment Return* (net of expenses): 7.25% per year compounded annually. The assumed rate of investment return is the rate of return in excess of either wage or price inflation. Considering a wage inflation assumption of 3.25% per year, the 7.25% nominal return translates into a real rate of return of 4.00% per year in excess of wage inflation.

This assumption is used to equate the value of payments due at different points in time and was first used for the September 30, 2015 valuation.

**Pay Projections:** These assumptions are used to project current pays to those upon which benefits will be based. The base economic assumption was first used for the September 30, 2015 valuation.

		Annual Rate of Pay Increase for Sample Ages					
	General County Members				Sher	iff's Departn	nent
Sample	Base	Merit &		Years of	Base	Merit &	
Ages	(Economic)	Longevity	Total	Service	(Economic)	Longevity	Total
20	3.25%	4.00%	7.25%	1 to 7	3.25%	6.00%	9.25%
25	3.25	3.00	6.25	8 to 15	3.25	3.00	6.25
30	3.25	2.00	5.25	thereafter	3.25	0.00	3.25
35	3.25	2.00	5.25				
40	3.25	1.00	4.25				
45	3.25	1.00	4.25				
50	3.25	0.50	3.75				
55	3.25	0.50	3.75				
60	3.25	0.25	3.50				



**Lump Sum Payments:** Lump sum payments for unused sick leave and vacation were assumed to increase final average compensation for the present members by 1%.

**Mortality:** The RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (unadjusted) projected to 2021 using a static projection based on the 2-dimensional MP-2014 improvement scales. This assumption was first used for the September 30, 2015 valuation. Sample values follow:

	Actuarial Pre	sent Value of	Futur	e Life
Sample	\$1 Monthly for Life		Expectan	cy (Years)
Ages	Men	Women	Men	Women
50	\$147.31	\$151.52	33.50	36.20
55	140.72	145.66	29.15	31.69
60	132.68	138.11	24.96	27.26
65	122.70	128.61	20.91	22.97
70	110.60	117.00	17.05	18.88
75	96.35	103.26	13.44	15.06
80	80.32	87.66	10.17	11.58

This assumption is used to measure the probabilities of members dying before retirement and the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement. The membership size in this group is not sufficiently large to determine if there is a margin for mortality improvements. However, based upon our experience with a broad cross section of public sector plans similar in nature to this plan, it is our opinion that there is a provision for future mortality improvement in the current mortality assumption.



**Rates of Separation from Active Membership:** The rates do not apply to members eligible to retire and do not include separation on account of death or disability. This assumption measures the probabilities of members remaining in employment.

Sample	Percent of Active Members Separating within Next Year			
Ages	General	Sheriffs		
20	5.00%	4.00%		
25	5.00	4.00		
30	4.00	3.40		
35	4.00	2.50		
40	3.00	1.80		
45	3.00	1.30		
50	2.00	0.80		
55	1.00	0.40		
60	0.50	0.10		
65	0.50	0.00		

The rates were first used for the September 30, 2007 valuation.

Rates of Disability: These rates represent the probabilities of active members becoming disabled.

Sample	Percent Becoming Disabled within Next Year			
Ages	General	Sheriffs		
20	0.02%	0.14%		
25	0.02	0.15		
30	0.04	0.18		
35	0.06	0.23		
40	0.16	0.30		
45	0.19	0.51		
50	0.31	1.00		
55	0.71	1.55		

These rates were first used for the December 31, 1992 valuation.



**Rates of Retirement:** These rates are used to measure the probabilities of an eligible member retiring during the next year.

Percent of Active Members					
	Re		hin One Ye		
General	County	9	Sheriff's D	epartmen	t
Ages	%	Ages	%	Service	%
55	20%	60	20%	25	40%
56	15	61	40	26	35
57	15	62	70	27	35
58	15	63	50	28	35
59	15	64	50	29	35
60	20	65	100	30	40
61	15			31	40
62	25			32	50
63	15			33	70
64	15			34	70
65	35			35	100
66	40				
67	50				
68	70				
69	80				
70	100				

A member was assumed to be eligible for retirement after attaining age 55 with 25 or more years of service (after 25 years of service regardless of age for Deputies and Command Officers), or age 60 with 8 or more years of service.

The rates were first used for the September 30, 2007 valuation.



## **Glossary**

**Actuarial Accrued Liability** - The difference between (i) the actuarial present value of future plan benefits, and (ii) the actuarial present value of future normal cost. Sometimes referred to as "accrued liability" or "past service liability." Under the actuarial cost method used the "AAL" differs somewhat from the value of future payments based on benefits earned as of the valuation date.

**Accrued Service** - The service credited under the plan which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.

**Actuarial Assumptions** - Estimates of future plan experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, retirement, investment income and salary increases. Decrement assumptions (rates of mortality, separation and retirement) are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (salary increases and investment income) consist of an underlying rate appropriate in an inflation-free environment plus a provision for a long-term average rate of inflation.

**Actuarial Cost Method** - A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the "actuarial present value of future plan benefits" between the normal costs to be paid in the future and the actuarial accrued liability. Sometimes referred to as the "actuarial funding method."

**Actuarial Equivalent -** Benefits whose actuarial present values are equal.

**Actuarial Present Value -** The amount of funds presently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

**Amortization** - Paying off an interest-bearing liability by means of periodic contributions of interest and principal, as opposed to a lump sum payment.



## **Glossary**

**Experience Gain (Loss)** - A measure of the difference between actual experience and experience anticipated by a set of actuarial assumptions during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, in accordance with the actuarial cost method being used.

**Normal Cost** - The annual cost assigned, under the actuarial funding method, to current and subsequent plan years. Sometimes referred to as "current service cost." An amortization payment toward the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is in addition to the normal cost.

**Plan Termination Liability** - The actuarial present value of future plan benefits based on the assumption that there will be no further accruals for the future service and salary. The termination liability will generally be less than the liabilities computed on a "going-concern" basis and is not normally determined in a routine actuarial valuation.

**Reserve Account** - An account used to indicate that funds have been set aside for a specific purpose and are not generally available for other uses.

**Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability -** The difference between the actuarial accrued liability and valuation assets. Sometimes referred to as "unfunded accrued liability."

Valuation Assets - The value of current plan assets recognized for valuation purposes.



# **S**ECTION **E**

**OTHER FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES** 

# **Schedule of Funding Progress**

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Entry Age Accrued Liability (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b) – (a)	Funded Ratio (a) / (b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b) – (a)] / (c)
9/30/2008@	\$791,541,576	\$675,166,642	\$ (116,374,934)	117.2 %	\$46,690,015	
9/30/2009	750,432,703	683,077,469	(67,355,234)	109.9	44,884,070	
9/30/2010#	745,094,735	692,409,285	(52,685,450)	107.6	42,686,155	
9/30/2011	727,690,746	712,159,061	(15,531,685)	102.2	38,275,780	
9/30/2012	717,654,902	713,972,065	(3,682,837)	100.5	33,706,963	
9/30/2013	716,944,068	719,348,810	2,404,742	99.7	29,498,703	8.15 %
9/30/2014#	787,896,080	726,487,842	(61,408,238)	108.5	26,271,160	
9/30/2015#	786,151,565	760,839,312	(25,312,253)	103.3	23,739,756	
9/30/2016	779,685,235	762,520,988	(17,164,247)	102.3	20,976,409	
9/30/2017	776,357,214	757,006,989	(19,350,225)	102.6	18,113,662	

<sup>#</sup> Assumption/method change



<sup>@</sup> Plan Provision changes

# **Schedule of Employer Contributions**

Actuarial Valuation	Fiscal Year	Annual Required	Percentage
Date	Beginning	Contribution	Contributed
9/30/2008	10/1/2009		100.00 %
9/30/2009	10/1/2010		100.00
9/30/2010	10/1/2011	\$ 3,279,107	100.00
9/30/2011	10/1/2012	5,400,095	100.00
9/30/2012	10/1/2013	5,770,835	100.00
9/30/2013	10/1/2014	4,554,832	100.00
9/30/2014	10/1/2015	0	100.00
9/30/2015	10/1/2016	0	100.00
9/30/2016	10/1/2017	0	100.00
9/30/2017	10/1/2018	0	





January 31, 2018

Ms. Silvia Frank
Retirement System Secretary
Oakland County Employees'
Retirement System
2100 Pontiac Lake Road
Waterford, MI 48328-0440

Dear Silvia:

Enclosed is a copy of the report of the seventy-third annual actuarial valuation of the pension liabilities covering the Oakland County Employees' Retirement System.

Sincerely,

Louise M. Gates

Louin Gales

Enclosure